## A GCSE maths question on recurring decimals

$$
\text { Prove algebraically that } 0.2 \dot{3} \dot{4}=\frac{116}{495}
$$

$$
\text { Let } x=0.2 \dot{3} \dot{4}
$$

Multiply by 10 to obtain a pure recurring decimal.

$$
10 x=2 . \dot{3} \dot{4}
$$

Multiply by 100 to obtain a different number with the same recurring decimal.

$$
1000 x=234 . \dot{3} \dot{4}
$$

Subtract one equation from the other.

$$
\begin{gathered}
990 x=232 \\
\text { So } \\
x=\frac{232}{990}=\frac{116}{495} \\
0.2 \dot{3} \dot{4}=\frac{116}{495}
\end{gathered}
$$

