## Foundation Algebra Questions

Solve

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
x-3=14 & \frac{m}{6}=12 & 2 x^{2}=72 \\
3 x=2 & \frac{y}{4}=10.5 & x^{2}=196 \\
4 x=8 & 2 f+7=18 & x^{2}+5 x-24=0 \\
x-8=5 & 6 w+2=20 & x^{2}-x-12=0 \\
5 y=45 & 3 x-8=19 & \\
x+x+x=51 & 4(x-5)=18 & \\
t+t+t=12 & 3(x-4)=12 & \\
n+7=103 & 3(m-4)=21 & \\
x-3=0 & 5 x-6=3(x-1) & \\
8+w=6 & 4(3 x-2)=2 x-5 & \\
\frac{x}{5}=2 \frac{1}{2} & \frac{5-x}{2}=2 x-7 &
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
3 x+y & =-4 \\
3 x-4 y & =6 \\
x+3 y & =12 \\
5 x-y & =4 \\
& \\
5 x+y & =21 \\
x-3 y & =9
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
3 x-4 y=11
$$

$$
9 x+2 y=5
$$

$$
2 x+y=18
$$

$$
x-y=6
$$

Solve the inequality

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 14 n>11 n+6 \\
& 5(x+3)<60 \\
& 8>3-\frac{1}{2} x \\
& 7 x+6>1+2 x \\
& 3 x+5 \geqslant x+17
\end{aligned}
$$

## Simplify

| $4 e+6 f+7 e-f$ | $2 \times n \times p \times 4$ | $\frac{e \times e \times e \times f}{e \times e \times f \times f}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $8 x-3+6 x$ | $3 \times 4 t$ | $\frac{32 q^{9} r^{4}}{4 q^{3} r}$ |
| $5 p-3 p+p$ | $3 f \times 5 g$ |  |
| $10+3 c+5 d-7 c+d$ | $t \times t$ | $\left(5 n p^{3}\right)^{3}$ |
| $y+3 y-2 y$ | $7 \times e \times f \times 8$ | $m^{3} \times m^{4}$ |
| $8 a-3 a+2 a$ | $\frac{2 n+6 n}{2}$ |  |
| $3 m-m-m+3 m$ | $3 \times y$ |  |
| $m^{3}+m^{3}$ | $3 \times a \times 3 \times a$ |  |
| $5 a+2-a+9$ | $y \times y \times 7$ |  |
| $a \times a \times a+b+b$ |  |  |
| $3 a^{2}+7 a+3-a^{2}+8 a-4$ |  |  |

## Expand and simplify

## Factorise

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
5(x+3)-x+2 & \\
5(p+3)-2(1-2 p) & \\
n-(n+1) & 5 n+12 & x^{2}+6 x+9 \\
7 x-(3 x-2 x) & 9 b-3 b^{2} & x^{2}+4 x+3 \\
(x+5)(x-1) & x^{2}-100 \\
(5 x+2)(2 x-3) & 2 a^{2} b+6 a b^{2} & \\
(2 x+1)(3 x-2) & 24 y^{2}-20 y & \\
(x-8)^{2} & &
\end{array}
$$

