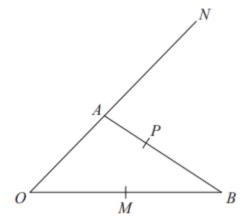
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OAN, OMB and APB are straight lines.

$$AN = 2OA$$
.

M is the midpoint of OB.

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a} \qquad \overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b}$$

 $\overrightarrow{AP} = k\overrightarrow{AB}$  where k is a scalar quantity.

Given that MPN is a straight line, find the value of k.

$$\overrightarrow{MN} = \overrightarrow{MO} + \overrightarrow{ON} = -\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{b} + 3\mathbf{a}$$

$$\overrightarrow{PN} = \overrightarrow{PA} + \overrightarrow{AN} = k\overrightarrow{BA} + \overrightarrow{AN} = k(-b + a) + 2a = (k+2)a - kb$$

$$\frac{k+2}{3} = \frac{k}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} \Rightarrow \frac{k+2}{3} = 2k \Rightarrow k+2 = 6k \Rightarrow k = \frac{2}{5}$$