

(c) Using the substitution $u = 1 + \cos x$, or otherwise, show that

$$\int \frac{2 \sin 2x}{(1 + \cos x)} dx = 4 \ln(1 + \cos x) - 4 \cos x + k$$

where k is a constant.

(5)

$$u = 1 + \cos x \Rightarrow \frac{du}{dx} = -\sin x$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{2 \sin 2x}{u} \frac{du}{-\sin x} \\ &= \int \frac{4 \sin x \cos x}{u} \frac{du}{-\sin x} \\ &= \int \frac{-4 \cos x}{u} du \\ &= \int -\frac{4(u-1)}{u} du \\ &= \int -4 + \frac{4}{u} du \\ &= -4u + 4 \ln u + C \\ &= -4(1 + \cos x) + 4 \ln(1 + \cos x) + C \\ &= -4 \cos x + 4 \ln(1 + \cos x) + k \end{aligned}$$

$$(k = C - 4)$$